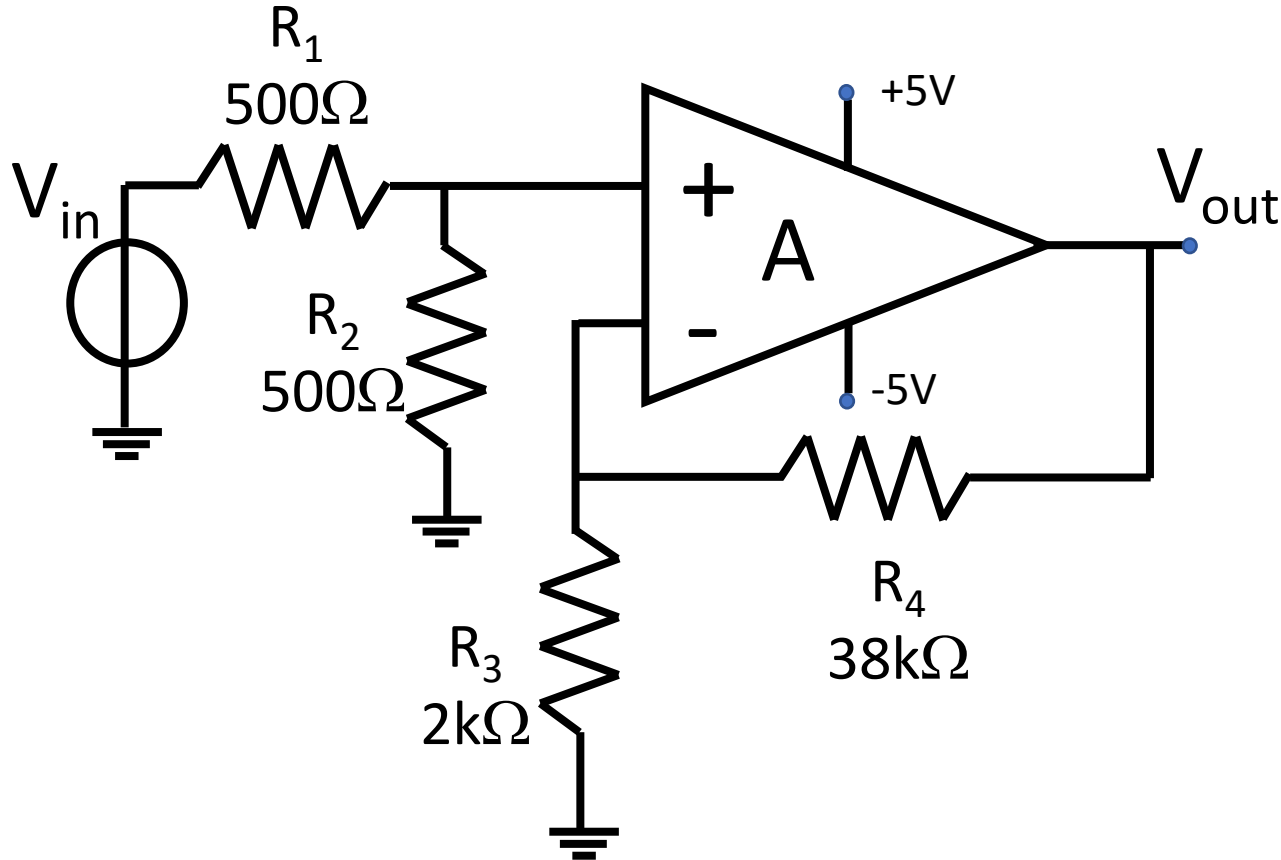
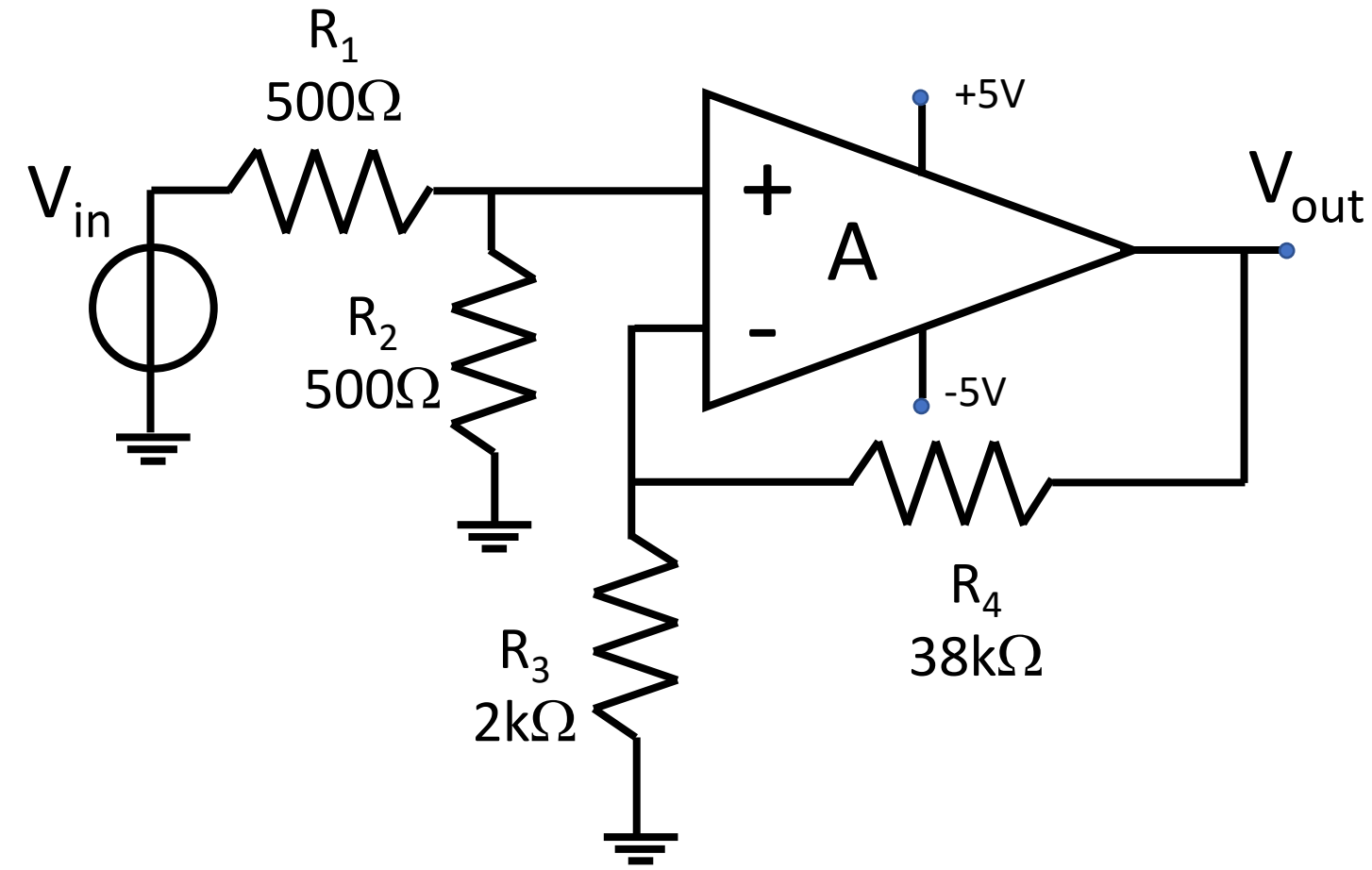


Exercise (1)

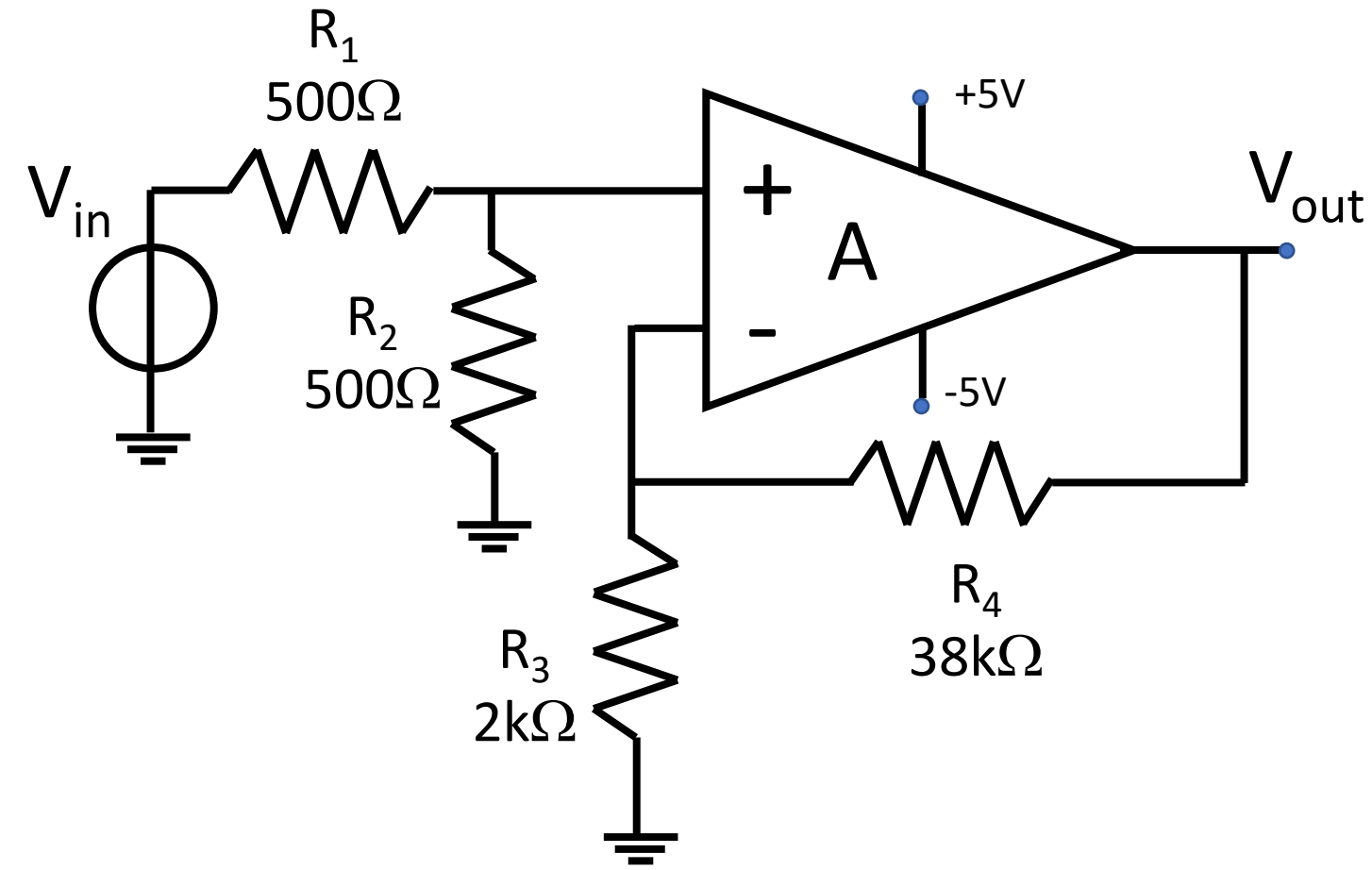


- What is the ideal Gain ($A=\infty$) of the circuit ?
- What is the maximum amplitude of a sinusoid that can be applied to the input ?
- What is the actual Gain if $A=8000$?
- If A is provided by the manufacturer with 40% of possible variations, what would be the distribution of performance of the produced amplifier ?

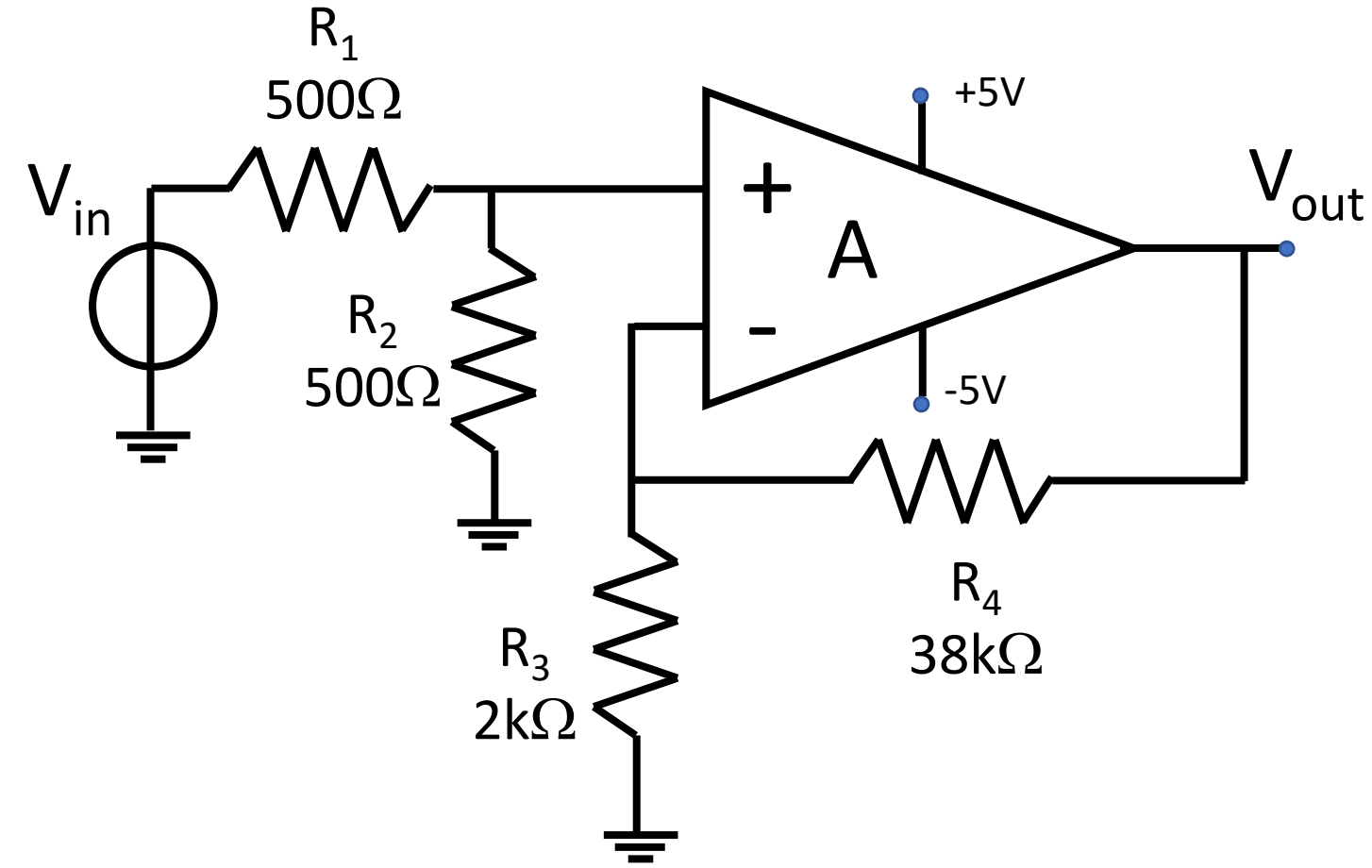
a) What is the ideal Gain ($A=\infty$) of the circuit ?



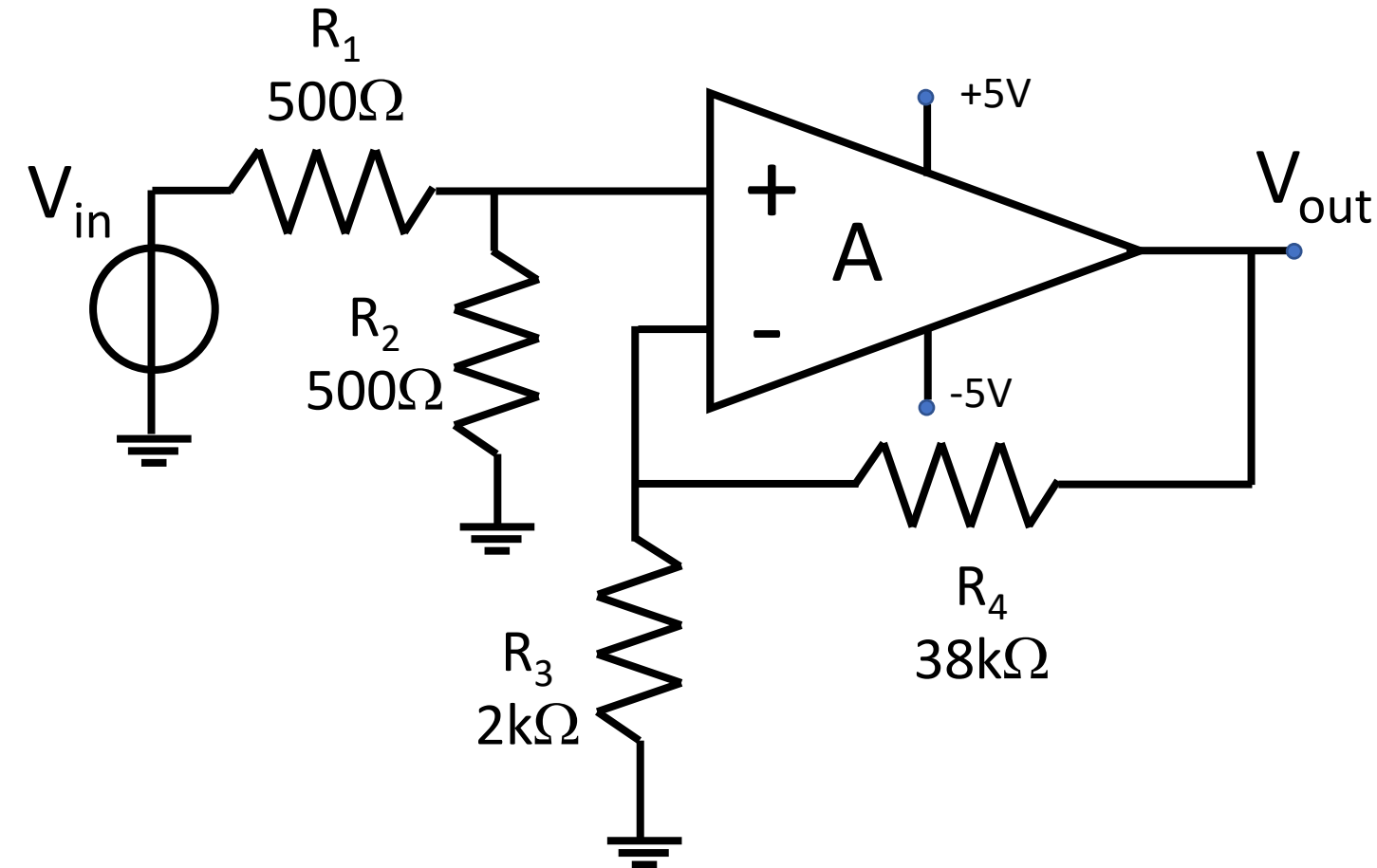
b) What is the maximum amplitude of a sinusoid that can be applied to the input ?



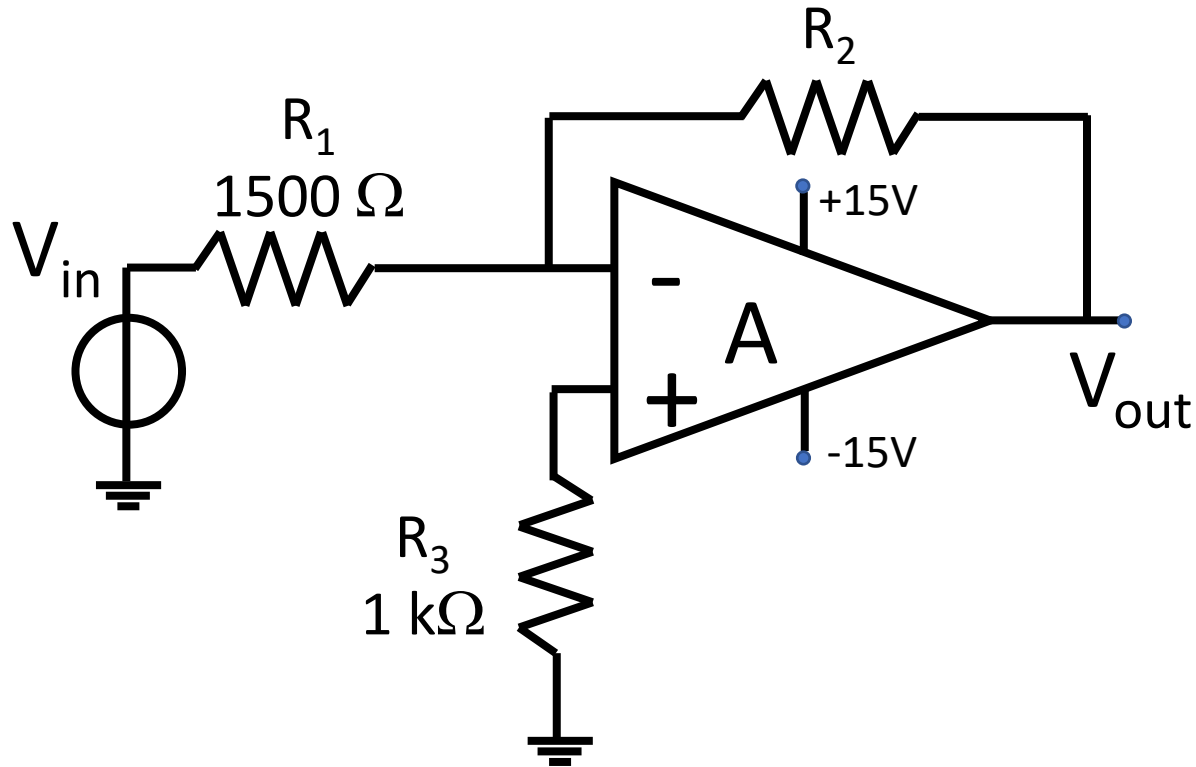
c) What is the actual Gain if $A=8000$?



d) If A is provided by the manufacturer with 40% of possible variations, what would be the distribution of performance of the produced amplifier ?

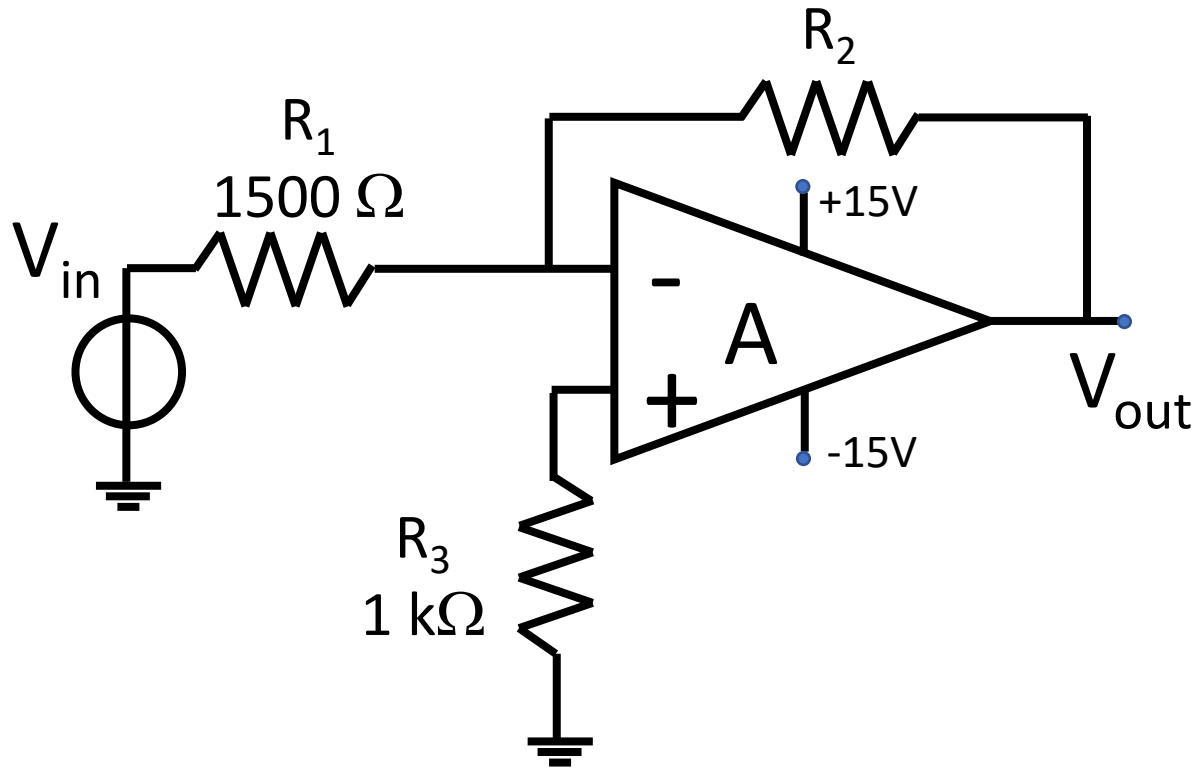


Exercise (2)

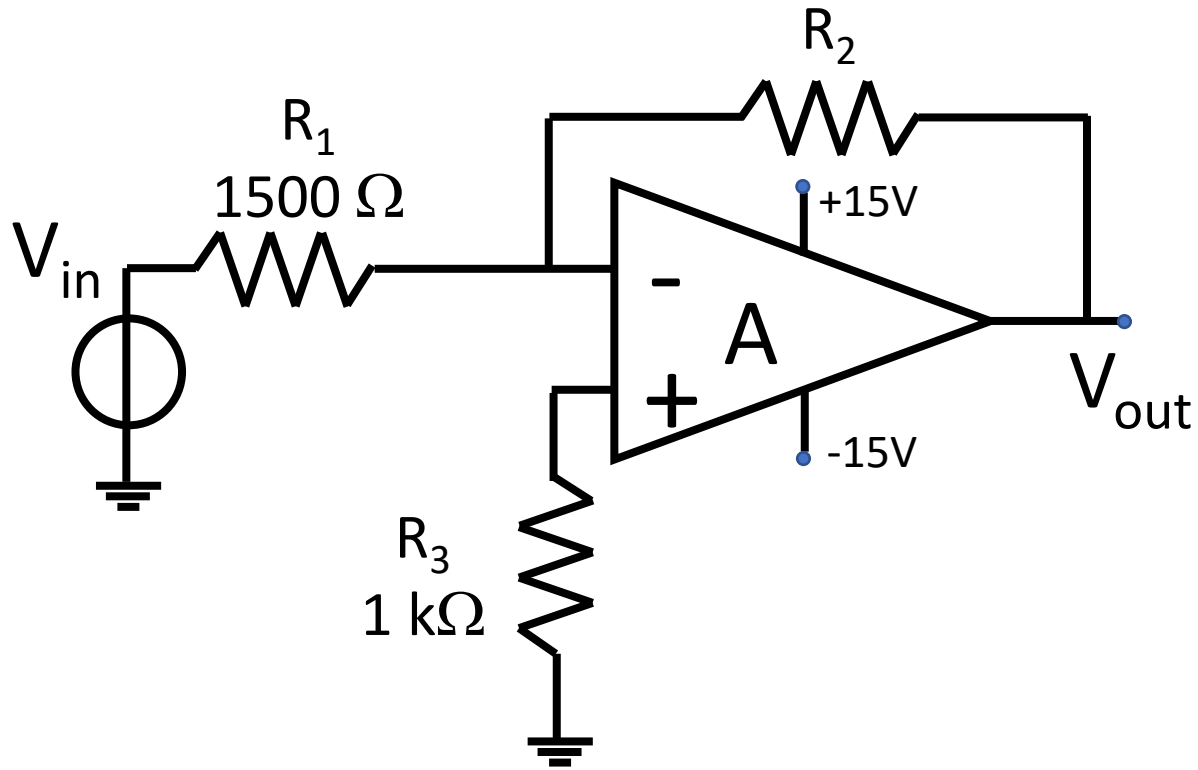


- Find the value of R_2 in order to have an ideal Gain ($A=\infty$) equal to $G=-6$
- How does R_3 play a role in the gain ?
- Find the loop gain of the circuit when the OpAmp that you have selected has $A=750$?
- If A varies by 60%, what would be the variation in the gain of the amplifier ?

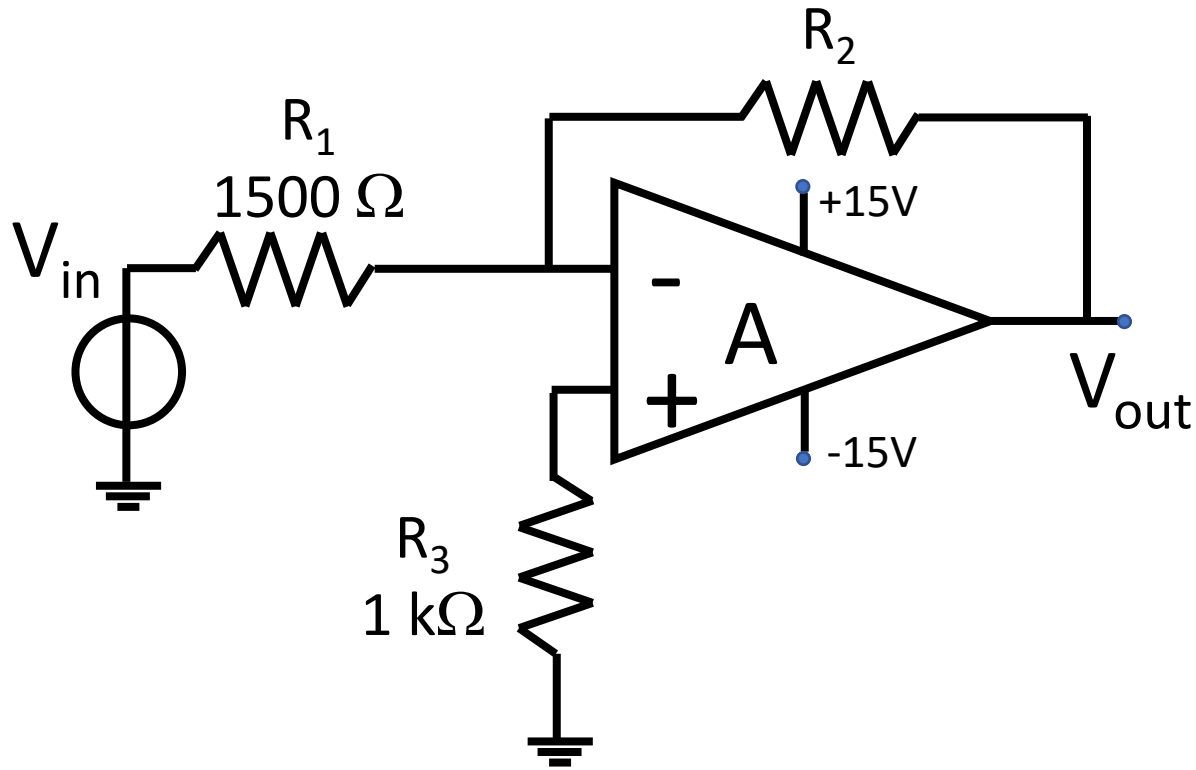
a) Find the value of R_2 in order to have an ideal Gain ($A=\infty$) equal to $G=-6$



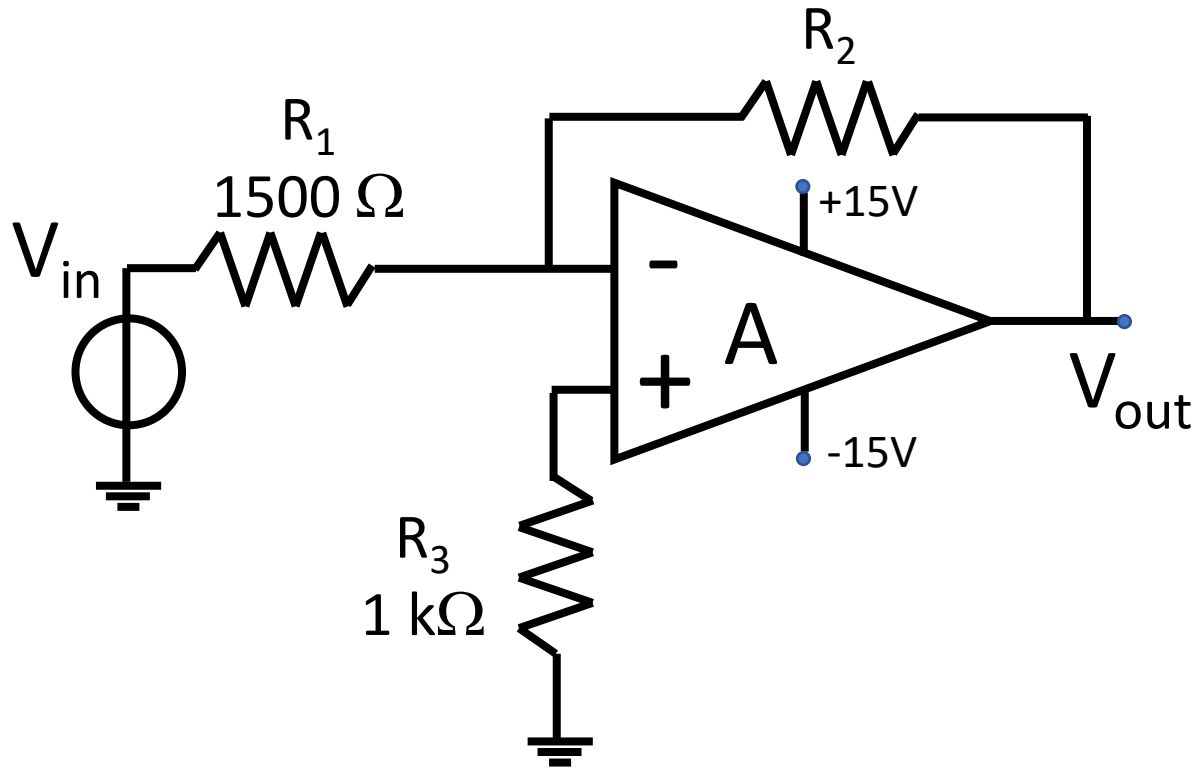
b) How does R_3 play a role in the gain ?



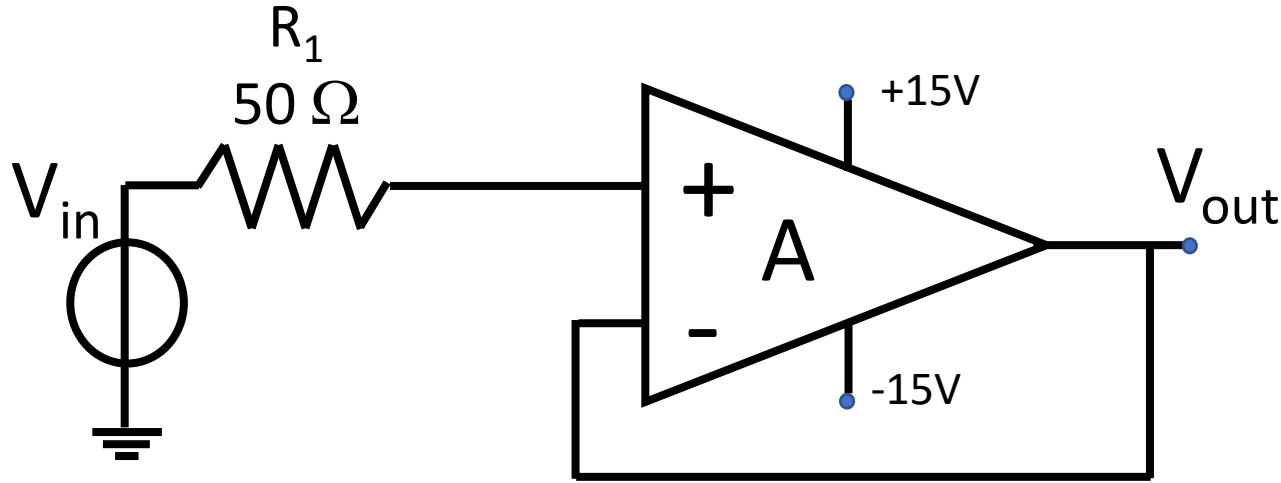
c) Find the loop gain of the circuit when the OpAmp that you have selected has $A=750$?



d) If A varies by 60%, what would be the variation in the gain of the amplifier ?



Exercise (3)



a) What is the ideal Gain ($A=\infty$) of the circuit ?

b) What is the maximum amplitude of a sinusoid that can be applied to the input ?